

Summary Prospectus

October 4, 2016

Before you invest, you may want to review the Fund's prospectus, which contains more information about the Fund and its risks. You can find the Fund's statutory Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information and other information about the Fund online at <http://oakridgeinvest.com/mutual-funds/fund-literature/>. You may also obtain this information at no cost by calling 855-551-5521 or by sending an e-mail request to oakridgefunds@umb.com. The Fund's Statutory Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information, both dated October 1, 2016, as each may be further amended or supplemented are incorporated by reference into this Summary Prospectus.

Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Oak Ridge Small Cap Growth Fund (the "Fund") is to provide capital appreciation.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund. You may qualify for sales charge discounts if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in Class A shares of the Fund. More information about these and other discounts is available from your financial professional and in the section titled "Class A Shares" on page 76 of the Statutory Prospectus.

	Class A Shares	Class C Shares	Class I Shares	Class K Shares
Shareholder Fees <i>(fees paid directly from your investment)</i>				
Maximum sales charge (load) imposed on purchases (as a percentage of offering price)	5.75%	None	None	None
Maximum deferred sales charge (load) (as a percentage of the lesser of the value redeemed or the amount invested)	1.00% ¹	1.00% ²	None	None
Redemption fee (as a percentage of amount redeemed)	None	None	None	None
Wire fee	\$20	\$20	\$20	\$20
Overnight check delivery fee	\$25	\$25	\$25	\$25
Retirement account fees (annual maintenance fee)	\$15	\$15	\$15	\$15
Annual Fund Operating Expenses <i>(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)</i>				
Management fees	0.82%	0.82%	0.82%	0.82%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) fee	0.25%	1.00%	None	None
Other expenses	0.31%	0.35%	0.28%	0.10%
Acquired fund fees and expenses	0.02%	0.02%	0.02%	0.02%
Total annual fund operating expenses ³	1.40%	2.19%	1.12%	0.94%
Total waived and/or expense reimbursed⁴	(0.00)%	(0.00)%	(0.05)%	(0.00)%
Total annual fund operating expenses after waiving fees and/or reimbursing expenses ^{3,4}	1.40%	2.19%	1.07%	0.94%

1 No sales charge applies on investments of \$500,000 or more, but a contingent deferred sales charge ("CDSC") of 1% will be imposed on certain redemptions of such shares within 12 months of the date of purchase.

2 A CDSC of 1.00% will be charged on Class C Shares purchases that are redeemed in whole or in part within 12 months of purchase.

3 The total annual fund operating expenses and net operating expenses do not correlate to the ratio of expenses to average net assets appearing in the financial highlights table, which reflects only the operating expenses of the Fund and does not include acquired fund fees and expenses.

4 The Fund's advisor has contractually agreed to waive its fees and/or pay for operating expenses of the Fund to ensure that total annual fund operating expenses (excluding any taxes, leverage interest, brokerage commissions, dividend and interest expenses on short sales, acquired fund fees and expenses (as determined in accordance with SEC Form N-1A), expenses incurred in connection with any merger or reorganization, and extraordinary expenses such as litigation expenses) do not exceed 1.40%, 2.30%, 1.05% and 0.92% of the average daily net assets of the Fund's Class A, Class C, Class I, and Class K shares, respectively. This agreement is in effect until September 30, 2017, and it may be terminated before that date only by the Trust's Board of Trustees. The Fund's advisor is permitted to seek reimbursement from the Fund, subject to certain limitations, of fees waived or payments made to the Fund for a period ending three full fiscal years after the date of the waiver or payment.

Example

This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	One Year	Three Years	Five Years	Ten Years
Class A shares	\$709	\$993	\$1,297	\$2,158
Class C shares	\$325	\$685	\$1,175	\$2,524
Class I shares	\$109	\$351	\$612	\$1,359
Class K shares	\$96	\$300	\$520	\$1,155

You would pay the following expenses if you did not redeem your shares:

	One Year	Three Years	Five Years	Ten Years
Class C shares	\$222	\$685	\$1,175	\$2,524

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 30% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in equity securities of small capitalization companies. The Fund's advisor considers small capitalization companies to be those with market values, at the time of investment, that do not exceed the greater of the market capitalization of the largest company within the Russell 2000 Index (\$3.9 billion as of May 27, 2016) or the 3-year rolling average of the market capitalization of the largest company within the Russell 2000 Index (\$3.1 billion as of May 27, 2016) as measured at the end of the preceding month. The Russell 2000 Index (the "Index") is comprised of the 2,000 smallest U.S. domiciled, publicly traded stocks that are included in the Russell 3000 Index. Because small capitalization companies are defined by reference to an index, the range of market capitalization of companies in which the Fund invests may vary with market conditions. Investments in companies that move above or below the capitalization range of the Index may continue to be held by the Fund in the Fund advisor's sole discretion. The Fund's investments will not be confined to securities issued by companies included in the Index. The Fund may at times invest a significant portion of its assets in one sector or a small number of sectors.

The equity securities in which the Fund principally invests are common stocks and depositary receipts, but the Fund may invest in other types of equity securities to a lesser extent, such as exchange-traded funds ("ETFs") that invest substantially all of their assets in equity securities, mutual funds (including other funds managed by the Fund's advisor), equity interests in real estate investment trusts ("REITs"), preferred stocks, warrants and rights. The Fund may invest in initial public offerings of equity securities.

The Fund may invest up to 20% of its total assets in equity securities of non-U.S. issuers. The Fund will not invest more than 10% of its total assets in the securities of emerging markets issuers. The Fund's investments in non-U.S. issuers primarily are through investment in mutual funds and American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs"). ADRs are receipts that represent interests in foreign securities held on deposit by U.S. banks.

The Fund's advisor uses a "growth" style of management and seeks to identify companies with above average potential for earnings growth.

Principal Risks of Investing

Risk is inherent in all investing. A summary description of certain principal risks of investing in the Fund is set forth below. Before you decide whether to invest in the Fund, carefully consider these risk factors and special considerations associated with investing in the Fund, which may cause investors to lose money. There can be no assurance that the Fund will achieve its investment objective.

Market Risk. The market price of a security or instrument may decline, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably, due to general market conditions that are not specifically related to a particular company, such as real or perceived adverse economic or political conditions throughout the world, changes in the general outlook for corporate earnings, changes in interest or currency rates or adverse investor sentiment generally. The market value of a security or instrument also may decline because of factors that affect a particular industry or industries, such as labor shortages or increased production costs and competitive conditions within an industry.

Equity Risk. The value of the equity securities held by the Fund may fall due to general market and economic conditions, perceptions regarding the industries in which the issuers of securities held by the Fund participate, or factors relating to specific companies in which the Fund invests.

Small Cap Company Risk. The securities of small capitalization companies may be subject to more abrupt or erratic market movements and may have lower trading volumes or more erratic trading than securities of larger, more established companies or market averages in general. In addition, such companies typically are more likely to be adversely affected than large capitalization companies by changes in earning results, business prospects, investor expectations or poor economic or market conditions.

Foreign Investment Risk. The prices of foreign securities may be more volatile than the prices of securities of U.S. issuers because of economic and social conditions abroad, political developments, and changes in the regulatory environments of foreign countries. In addition, changes in exchange rates and interest rates may adversely affect the values of the Fund's foreign investments. Foreign companies are generally subject to different legal and accounting standards than U.S. companies, and foreign financial intermediaries may be subject to less supervision and regulation than U.S. financial firms. Foreign securities include ADRs and Global Depositary Receipts ("GDRs"). Unsponsored ADRs and GDRs are organized independently and without the cooperation of the foreign issuer of the underlying securities, and involve additional risks because U.S. reporting requirements do not apply and the issuing bank will recover shareholder distribution costs from changes in share prices and payment of dividends.

Emerging Market Risk. Many of the risks with respect to foreign investments are more pronounced for investments in issuers in developing or emerging market countries. Emerging market countries tend to have more government exchange controls, more volatile interest and currency exchange rates, less market regulation, and less developed economic, political and legal systems than those of more developed countries. In addition, emerging market countries may experience high levels of inflation and may have less liquid securities markets and less efficient trading and settlement systems.

ETF and Mutual Funds Risk. The Fund's investment in ETFs and mutual funds (including other funds managed by the Fund's advisor), generally reflects the risks of owning the underlying securities the ETF or mutual fund holds. It may also be more expensive for the Fund to invest in an ETF or mutual fund than to own the portfolio securities of these investment vehicles directly. An ETF may also trade at a discount to its net asset value. Investing in ETFs or mutual funds may involve duplication of advisory fees and certain other expenses. The Fund will pay brokerage commissions in connection with the purchase and sale of shares of ETFs.

Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT) Risk. The Fund's investment in REITs will subject the Fund to risks similar to those associated with direct ownership of real estate, including losses from casualty or condemnation, and changes in local and general economic, supply and demand, interest rates, zoning laws, regulatory limitations on rents, property taxes and operating expenses. Investment in REITs is subject to additional risks, such as poor performance by the manager of the REIT, adverse changes to the tax laws or failure by the REIT to qualify for tax-free pass-through of income under the Code. In addition, some REITs have limited diversification because they invest in a limited number of properties, a narrow geographic area, or a single type of property.

Preferred Stock Risk. Preferred stock represents an equity interest in a company that generally entitles the holder to receive, in preference to the holders of other stocks such as common stock, dividends and a fixed share of the proceeds resulting from a liquidation of the company. The market value of preferred stock is subject to company-specific and market risks applicable generally to equity securities and is also sensitive to changes in the company's creditworthiness, the ability of the company to make payments on the preferred stock, and changes in interest rates, typically declining in value if interest rates rise.

IPO Risk. The market value of IPO shares will fluctuate considerably due to factors such as the absence of a prior public market, unseasoned trading, the small number of shares available for trading and limited information about the issuer. The purchase of IPO shares may involve high transaction costs. IPO shares are subject to market risk and liquidity risk.

Sector Focus Risk. The Fund may invest a larger portion of its assets in one or more sectors than many other mutual funds, and thus will be more susceptible to negative events affecting those sectors. For example, as of May 31, 2016, 27.8% of the Fund's assets were invested in the technology sector. Performance of companies in the technology sector may be adversely impacted by many factors, including, among others, intense competition, consumer preferences, problems with product compatibility and government regulation. In addition, as of May 31, 2016, 24.9% of the Fund's assets were invested in the healthcare sector. Performance of companies in the healthcare sector may be affected by, among other things, government regulation, industry innovation, and extensive litigation based on product liability and similar claims.

Warrants and Rights Risk. Warrants and rights may lack a liquid secondary market for resale. The prices of warrants and rights may fluctuate as a result of speculation or other factors. Warrants and rights can provide a greater potential for profit or loss than an equivalent investment in the underlying security. Prices of warrants and rights do not necessarily move in tandem with the prices of their underlying securities and therefore are highly volatile and speculative investments. If a warrant or right expires without being exercised, the Fund will lose any amount paid for the warrant or right. If the Fund owns common stock of a company, failing to exercise rights to purchase common stock would dilute the Fund's interest in the issuing company. The market for rights is not well developed, and the Fund may not always realize full value on the sale of rights.

Growth-Oriented Investment Strategies Risk. Growth funds generally focus on stocks of companies believed to have above-average potential for growth in revenue and earnings. Growth securities typically are very sensitive to market movements because their market prices frequently reflect projections of future earnings or revenues, and when it appears that those expectations will not be met, the prices of growth securities typically fall.

Management and Strategy Risk. The value of Fund investments depends on the judgment of the Fund’s advisor about the quality, relative yield, value or market trends affecting a particular security, industry, sector or region, which may prove to be incorrect. Investment strategies employed by the Fund’s advisor in selecting investments for the Fund may not result in an increase in the value of your investment or in overall performance equal to other investments.

Performance

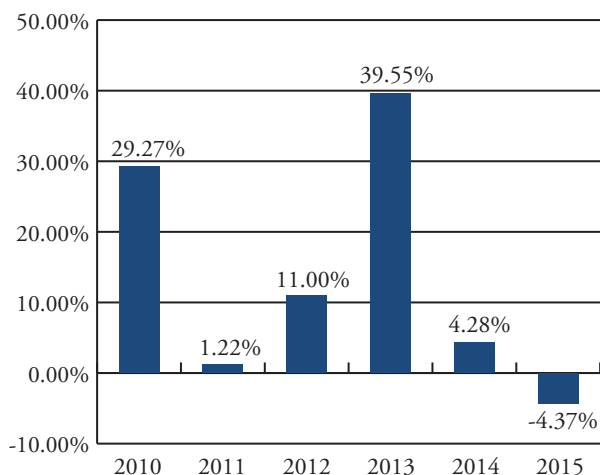
The bar chart and table below provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the performance of the Fund’s Class I shares from year to year and by showing how the average annual total returns of each class of the Fund compare with the average annual total returns of two broad-based market indexes. Performance for classes other than those shown may vary from the performance shown to the extent the expenses for those classes differ. Updated performance information is available at the Fund’s website, www.oakridgeinvest.com, or by calling the Fund at 855-551-5521.

The Fund acquired the assets and liabilities of the Pioneer Oak Ridge Small Cap Growth Fund (the “predecessor fund”) on October 17, 2014, at the same time as a change in control of the Fund’s advisor. As a result of the reorganization, the Fund is the accounting successor of the predecessor fund. Performance results shown in the bar chart and the performance table below for the period prior to October 17, 2014, reflect the performance of the predecessor fund.

The Fund’s past performance, before and after taxes, is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Sales loads are not reflected in the bar chart, and if those charges were included, returns would be less than those shown.

Calendar-Year Total Return (before taxes) for Class I shares

For each calendar year at NAV



The year-to-date return as of June 30, 2016 was (1.43)%.

Class I		
Highest Calendar Quarter Return at NAV (non-annualized)	17.51%	Quarter ended 12/31/2010
Lowest Calendar Quarter Return at NAV (non-annualized)	-18.49%	Quarter ended 9/30/2011

Average Annual Total Returns (for periods ended December 31, 2015)*	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years	Since Inception	Inception Date/From
Class I — Return Before Taxes	(4.37)%	9.35%	N/A	10.15%	12/29/09
Class I — Return After Taxes on Distributions	(5.76)%	8.18%	N/A	11.19%	12/29/09
Class I — Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	(1.31)%	7.44%	N/A	9.88%	12/29/09
Class A — Return Before Taxes	(10.12)%	7.69%	6.89%	9.75%	1/3/94
Class C — Return Before Taxes	(6.23)%	8.16%	6.66%	7.51%	3/1/97
Class K — Return Before Taxes	(4.23)%	9.29%	N/A	10.85%	12/20/12
Russell 2000 Growth Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	(1.38)%	10.67%	7.95%	6.96%	1/3/94
Russell 2000 Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	(4.41)%	9.19%	6.80%	8.45%	1/3/94

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown. After-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their Fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. After-tax returns are shown for Class I shares only and after-tax returns for classes other than Class I will vary from returns shown for Class I shares.

* The predecessor fund acquired the assets and liabilities of another fund on February 13, 2004. Performance results shown for the period prior to February 13, 2004, reflect the performance of the prior fund.

Investment Advisor

Oak Ridge Investments, LLC (“Oak Ridge” or the “Advisor”)

Portfolio Managers

The portfolio management team is comprised of David M. Klaskin, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Investment Officer, and Robert G. McVicker, Executive Vice President and Senior Portfolio Manager. Messrs. Klaskin and McVicker are jointly and primarily responsible for the day-to day management of the Fund's portfolio and have been since the predecessor fund's inception in 1994.

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

To purchase shares of the Fund, you must invest at least the minimum amount.

Minimum Investments	To Open Your Account	To Add to Your Account
Class A and C Shares		
All Accounts	\$1,000	\$100
Class I and K Shares		
All Accounts	\$1,000,000	None

Fund shares are redeemable on any business day the New York Stock Exchange (the “NYSE”) is open for business, by written request or by telephone.

Tax Information

The Fund's distributions are generally taxable, and will ordinarily be taxed as ordinary income, qualified dividend income or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account. Shareholders investing through such tax-advantaged arrangements may be taxed later upon withdrawal of monies from those arrangements.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.